

Tacoma Power Budget Overview

May 22, 2024

Introduction



State of the Utility	Opportunities & Pressures
Budget Drivers	Budget Drivers
Personnel	Prioritizing Operational FTE Requests; Personnel Costs
Non-Personnel O&M	Supplies, Other Services & Charges; Purchased Power; Taxes; Assessments
Capital Program	Capital Program; 2025/2026 Large Capital Projects
Customer Value First	Power's Focus

Opportunities & Pressures



Pressures

Opportunities

Desired Outcome



"We deliver clean, reliable services essential to quality of life."

"We will be a trusted community partner, where employees are proud to deliver equitable, affordable utility

services."

Increased Material, Contract Services and Labor Costs

Increased Regulatory Requirements

Resource Adequacy

Hydro Relicensing

Dam Safety Program

Wildfire Risk & Mitigation

General Tech Investment (SAP Now!)

Efficiencies & Long-Range Planning

Debt Restructuring

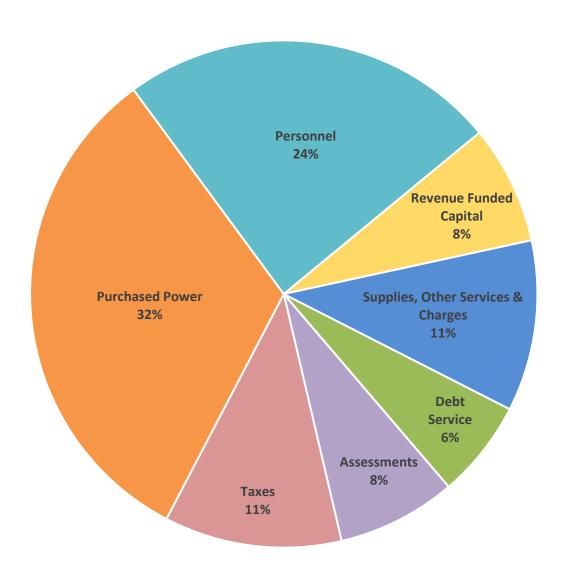
Diversification of Resources

New Markets

Infrastructure Modernization Investments

Budget Drivers





Most Control

- Position Management (FTEs)
- Supplies, Other Services & Charges

Limited Control

- Personnel costs
- Capital Investment Plan (CIP)
- Assessments for Shared Services
- Debt Service

Least Control

- Purchased Power
- Supply Chain & Inflation
- Taxes

Prioritizing Operational FTE Requests TACOMA # POWER TACOMA PUBLIC UTILITIES



Our prioritized 2025/2026 FTE requests reflect Power's response to customer demand

and necessary investments in infrastructure.

Transmission & Distribution (T&D)

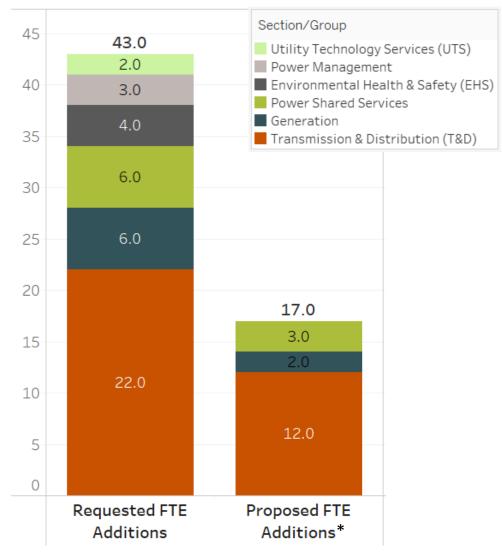
- 7 Line Electricians
- 1 Senior Wire Electrician
- 1 T&D Protection & Controls Engineer
- 1 Engineering Products & Services Supervisor
- 1 Senior GIS IT Analyst
- 1 Senior Warehouse Technician

Generation

- 1 Electrical Engineer, PE
- Rightsizing 2 Hydro Grounds Maintenance Workers

Power Shared Services

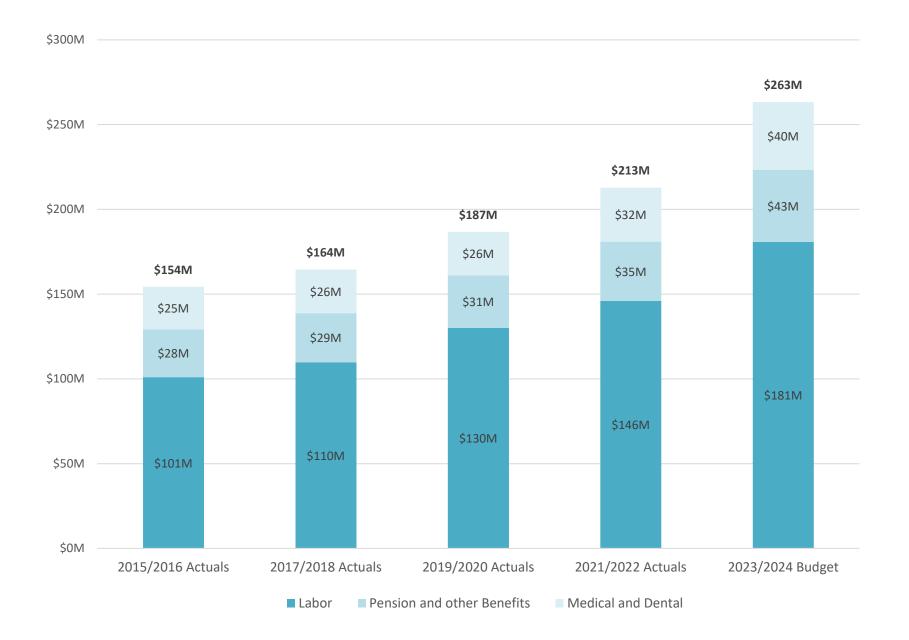
3 Pre-Apprentices



Personnel Costs



24% of budget



2025/2026 Budget

- Market wage pressure
- Wage increases for represented staff
- Class & Comp increases incorporated
- Increase in Worker's Compensation rates due to under collection
- Medical benefits are expected to increase

Strategic Objective: Financial Stability TACOMA # POWER TACOMA PUBLIC UTILITIES

Power-wide target of no more than a 6% biennial increase for Supplies, Other Services and Charges for 2025/2026.

2023 Accomplishment

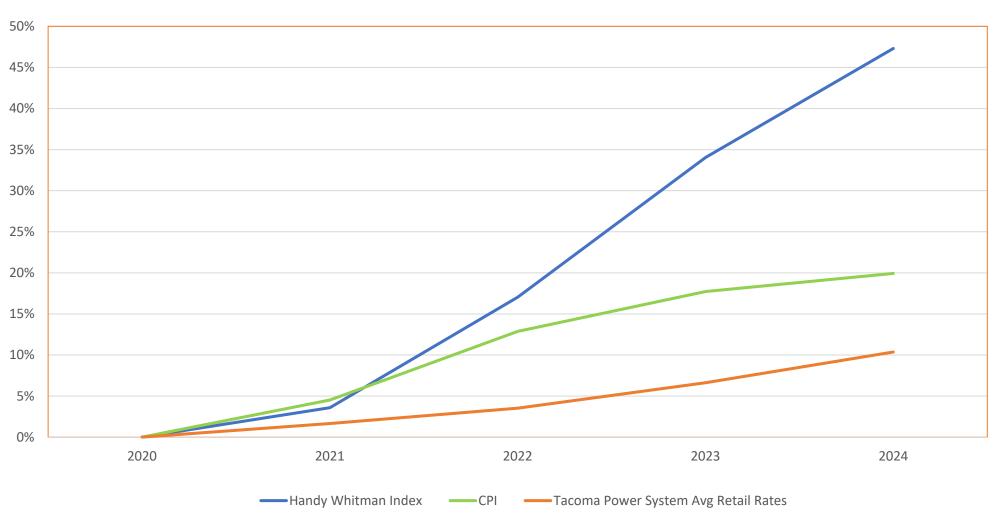
Optimization of Hydro-Maintenance Schedules at Mossyrock and Cushman

- Adjusted maintenance timing increased availability of generating units
- Reduced future outages related to routine unit maintenance by half
- Resulting operational efficiencies led to cost savings in 2023 and will continue into future years

Material Costs Continue to Increase



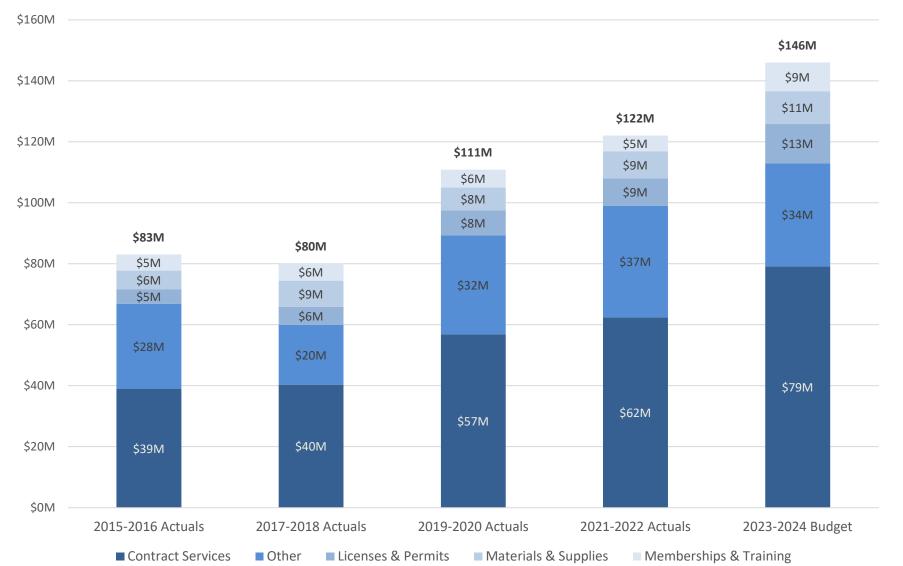
Cumulative Increases since 2020



Supplies, Other Services & Charges



11% of budget



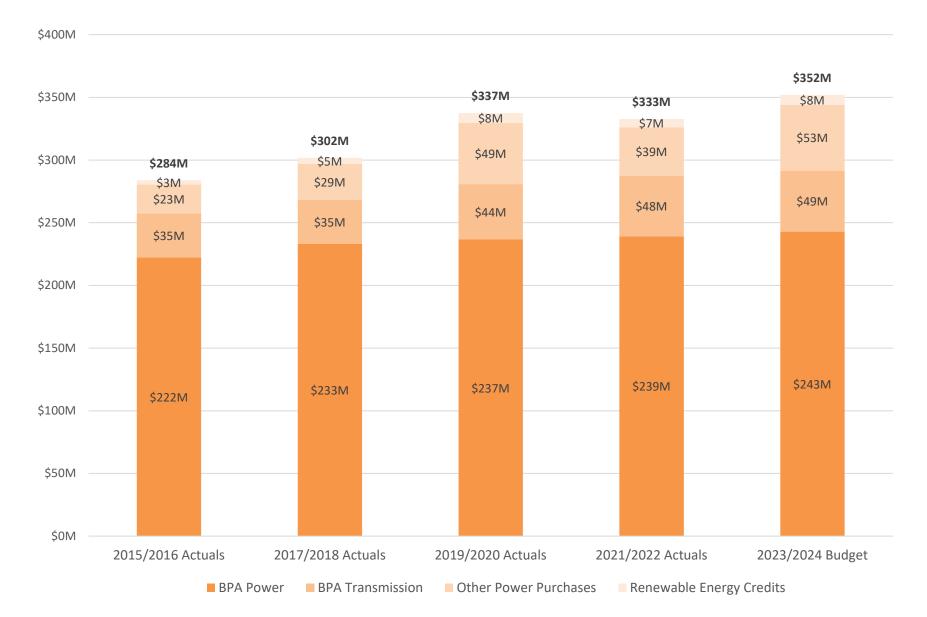
2025/2026 Budget

- Evaluating new work for 2025/2026
- Prioritizing across Power and discussing efficiencies
- Managing increased costs in materials and contracts

Purchased Power



32% of budget



2025/2026 Budget

 Lower BPA Power costs due to loss of WestRock

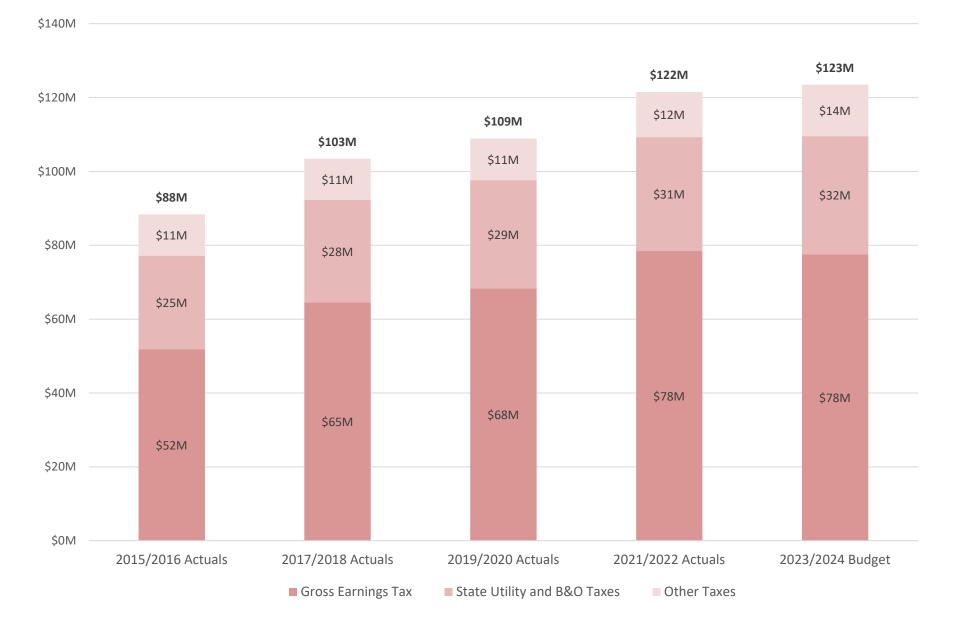
Anticipated biennial BPA rate increases

- 5% BPA Power
- 5% BPA Transmission

Taxes



11% of budget

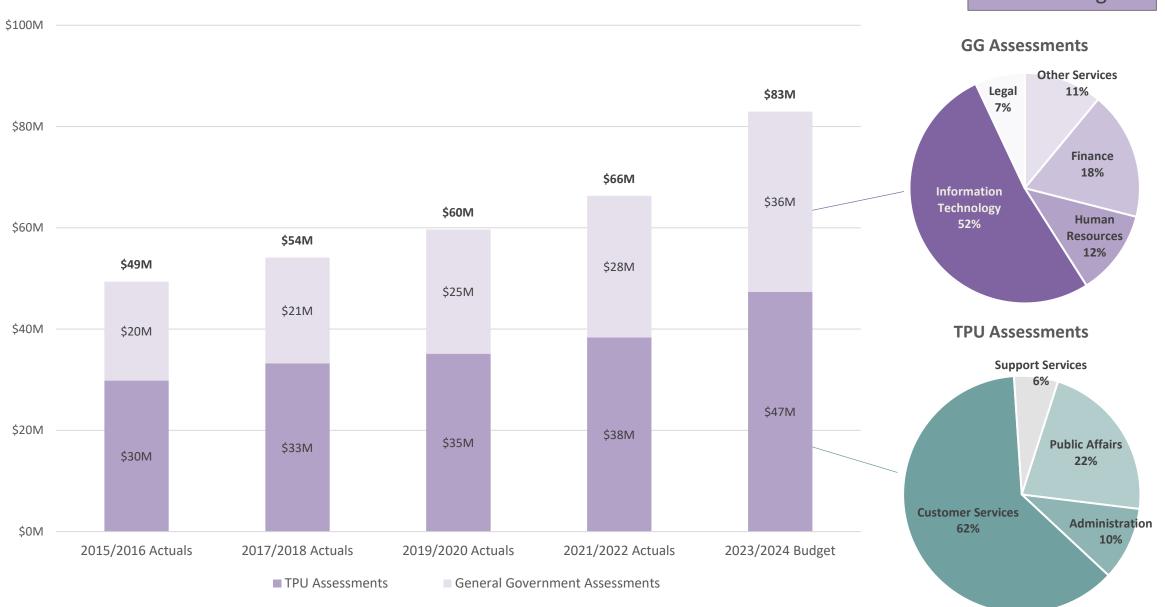


2025/2026 taxes will increase as a percentage of our revenue increase

Assessments for Shared Services



8% of budget



Capital Program





2025/2026 Budget

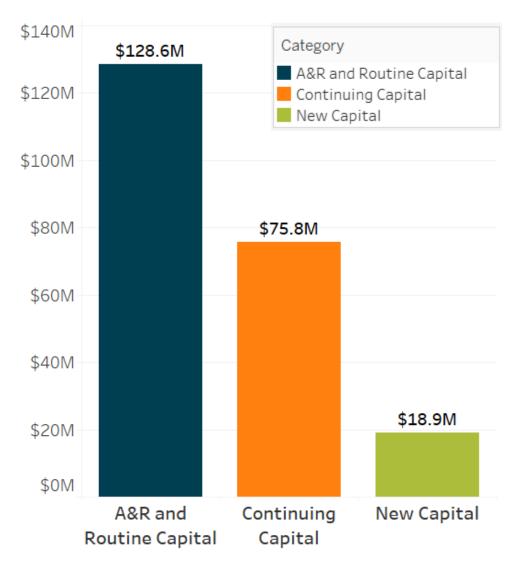
- Increases in material and labor costs
- Several continuing projects entering construction phase
- Active portfolio management, minimizing new project additions
- Identifying resource constraints
- Evaluating potential risks to scope and schedule, including regulatory compliance requirements and milestones

Large-Dollar Capital Projects for 2025/2026



Additions & Replacements (A&Rs) and Routine Capital	2025/2026 Preliminary Estimate
Overhead Distribution & Transmission A&R	\$28,119,000
Fleet Replacement A&R	\$20,000,000
Distribution Transformer A&R	\$16,643,000
Customer Energy Program	\$9,500,000
Continuing Capital	
TPU Admin Complex Storage & Parking Facility	\$16,950,000
Automated Distribution Mgmt System (ADMS)	\$10,572,000
Cushman #2 U31, U32 Rebuild	\$10,000,000
South Service Center Storage	\$6,350,000

List includes all projects estimated to be budgeted for \$5M or over in 2025/2026



Customer Value First



"Customer Value First" is intrinsic to Tacoma Power's culture.

Power is laser-focused on affordability and keeping rates as low as possible for as long as possible.

While we are focused on managing the costs that we have some control over, such as:

- Potential FTE increases
- Balancing Capital and O&M
- Large Capital expenses within ten-year window

There are other factors impacting our budget and long-range financial planning:

- Dramatic increases in material and construction related costs
- Anticipated large expenses from dam safety upgrades, debt service spikes, SAP Now!, Grid Modernization
- Wholesale market uncertainty



Tacoma Power Financial Update & 2025-26 Revenue Requirement

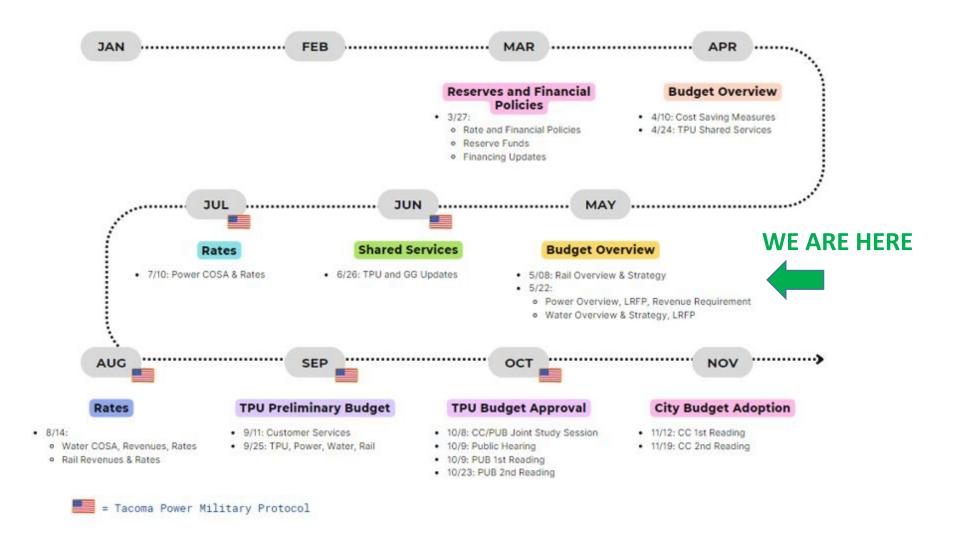
Public Utility Board 22 May 2024



Timeline

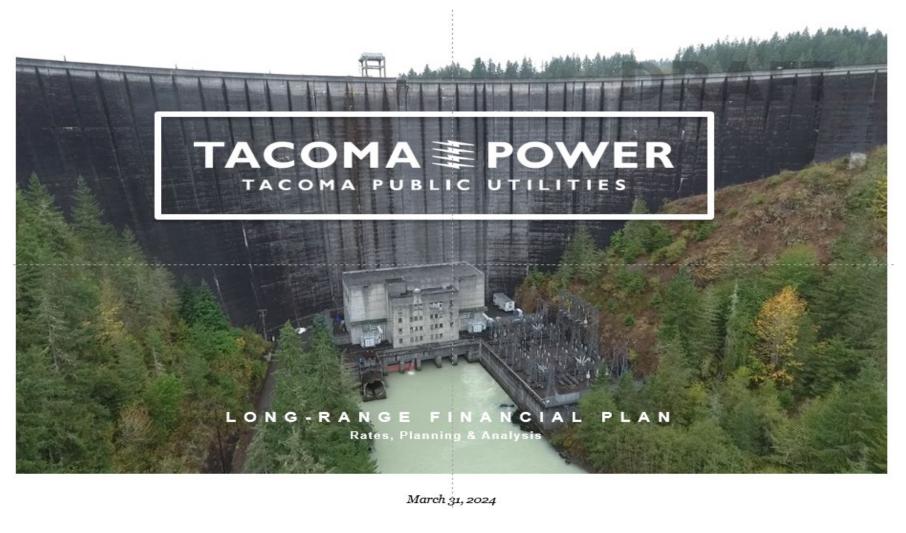


Budget and Rates Timeline



Long-Range Financial Plan





Tacoma Power's Long-Range Financial Plan (LRFP) is available at mytpu.org once published. The draft 2024 LRFP is available here: <u>Draft Tacoma Power 2024 Long-Range Financial Plan 05.22.2024</u>

Reminder



Before we start, a reminder...

This is a snapshot in time.

The amount of revenue we will receive each year is uncertain.

The amount of power that will be consumed by our customers is uncertain.

Actual rate increases may fall outside of this range and are dependent upon market conditions, financial performance, and the actions we may take in future years.

As has happened before -

These projections will change.

Policy Guidance



Board Guiding Principles



Financial Sustainability



Provide safe, affordable, and reliable power over the long term by maintaining sustainable budget, financial, and asset management practices.

Rates



Rates will be adequate, fair, just, gradual, and as low as they can responsibly be.

Electric Rate and Financial Policy

Outlines objectives and policies when setting rates including financial targets and the Rate Stabilization Fund usage.

Sections

- I. Rate Setting Objectives
- II. Rate Review Process
- III. Rate Setting Policies
- IV. Financial Targets and Rate-Setting Practices
- V. Rate Stabilization Fund



Determination of recommended average rates

Projected revenues at current rates

Additional Revenues at current rates

Recommended rate increase

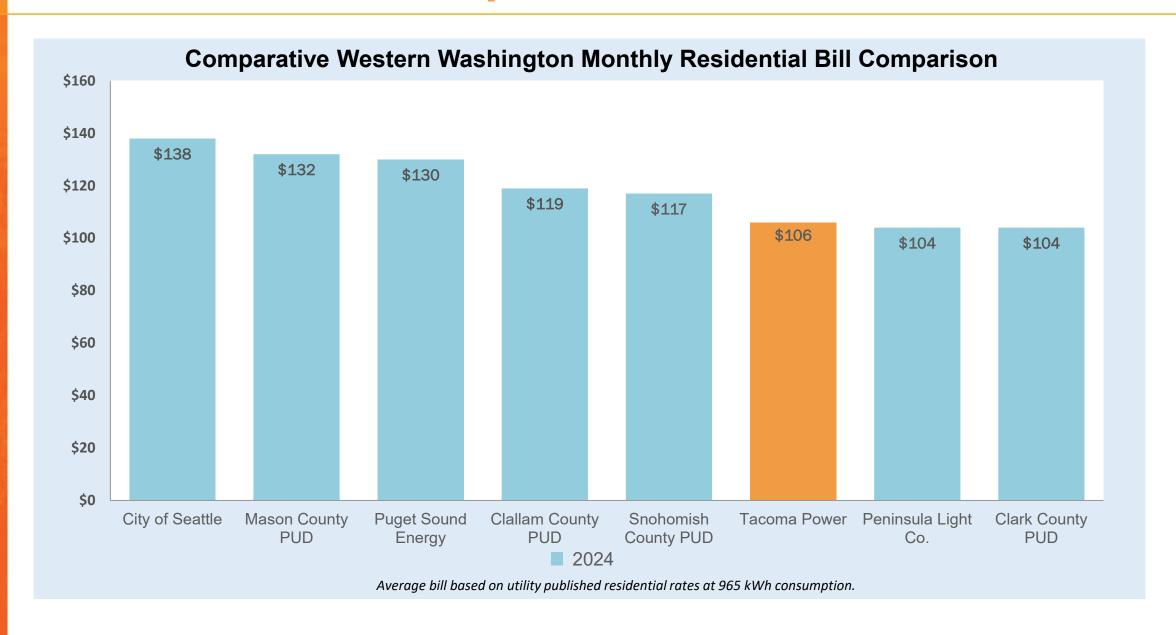
Additional Revenue needed

The Long View:

Long-Range Financial Plan stabilizes rates while achieving minimum financial metric targets.

Residential Bill Comparison



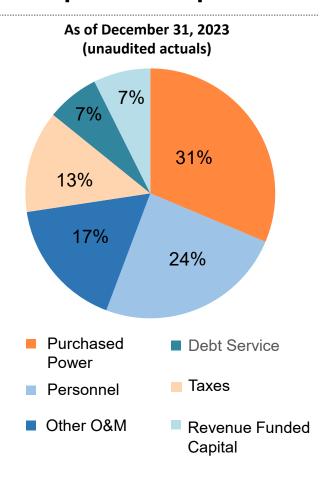


LRFP Foundational Elements

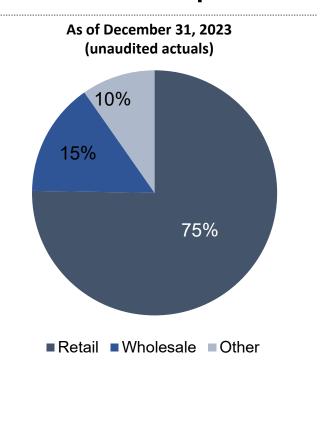


These elements form the foundation of the LRFP and are used to inform our base case and budget.

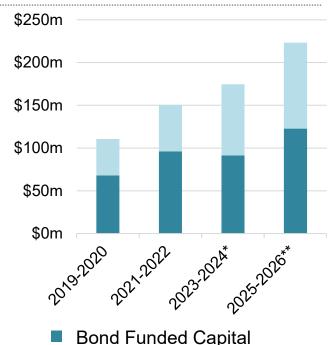
Expense Assumptions



Revenue Assumptions



Credit, Debt, & Reserves

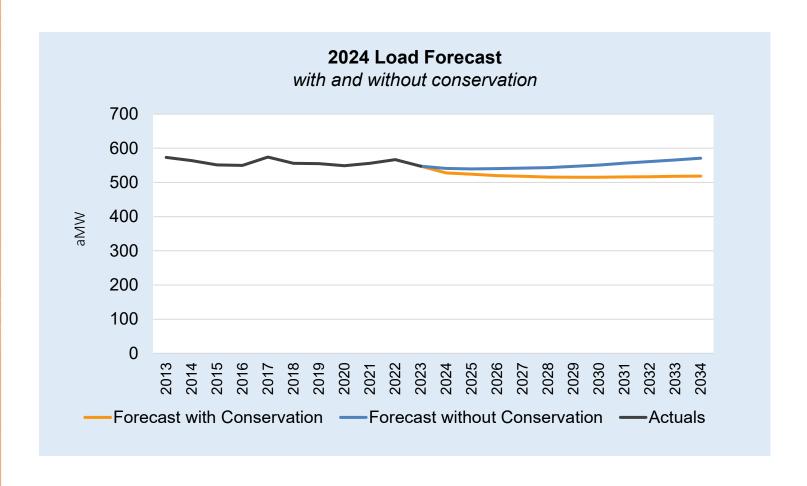


- Revenue Funded Capital
- Projections as of March 31, 2024
- ** Preliminary Estimate, Subject to Change

Retail Revenue Actuals & Forecasts



Retail Revenue Forecasts including Electrification Assumptions & with / without Conservation Assumptions



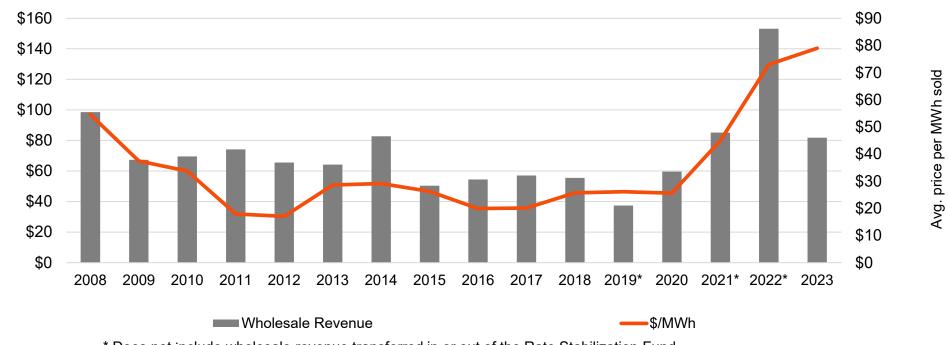
- Continuing conservation offsets electrification load growth
- New retail load forecasts increase retail revenue by approximately \$82 million over ten years when compared to the 2023/2024 budget load forecast

Volatile Wholesale Revenues

\$ Millions



Wholesale revenues fluctuate between 8% to 26% of total revenues due to unpredictable weather and wholesale market power prices.



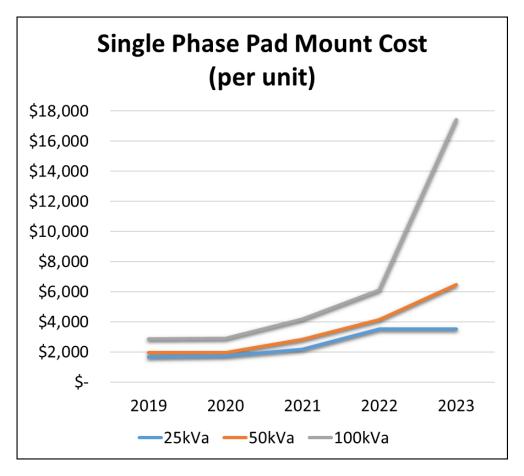
^{*} Does not include wholesale revenue transferred in or out of the Rate Stabilization Fund.

Wholesale Revenue as a % of Total Revenue Balances (Year-end)																
2008 2009 2010* 2011* 2012* 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019* 2020 2021* 2022* 2										2023						
WHOLESALE REVENUE %	24%	19%	19%	20%	17%	15%	19%	12%	13%	13%	12%	8%	12%	17%	26%	15%

Cost Pressures Increasing



Distribution Transformer Cost Increases



282% Average Price Increase Pre- to Post-Pandemic

Cost increases since 2019

- Distribution Transformer costs up 282%
- Multiplex wire up 137%
- Utility poles up 48%
- Vehicle costs up 25%
- +20% increase in some Represented wages

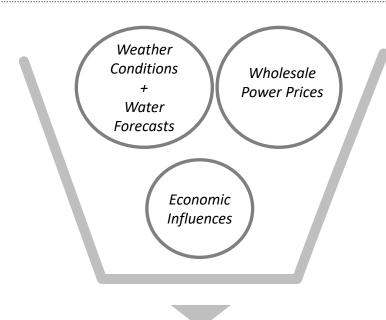
More than \$300 Million future expenses identified

- Debt Service Spikes
- Hydro relicensing of 3 dams
- Dam Safety Seismic Mitigation
- Grid modernization projects
- SAP Now!

Risks and Opportunities



Planning for Uncertainties



Revenues and Expense Forecasts for 2024 - 2034

> Projected Rate Increases

Internal Risks



- Compliance with Regulatory Mandates
- Technology Changes
- Aging Infrastructure
- Aging Workforce

External Risks



- Climate Change
- Weather Fluctuations
- Customer Demand Volatility



- Wholesale Power Market Volatility
- Economic Cycles and Inflation
- Policy or Regulatory Changes
- Environmental Regulations
- Seismic Events
- A Pandemic

May Update: Forecast Sensitivities



Scenarios:

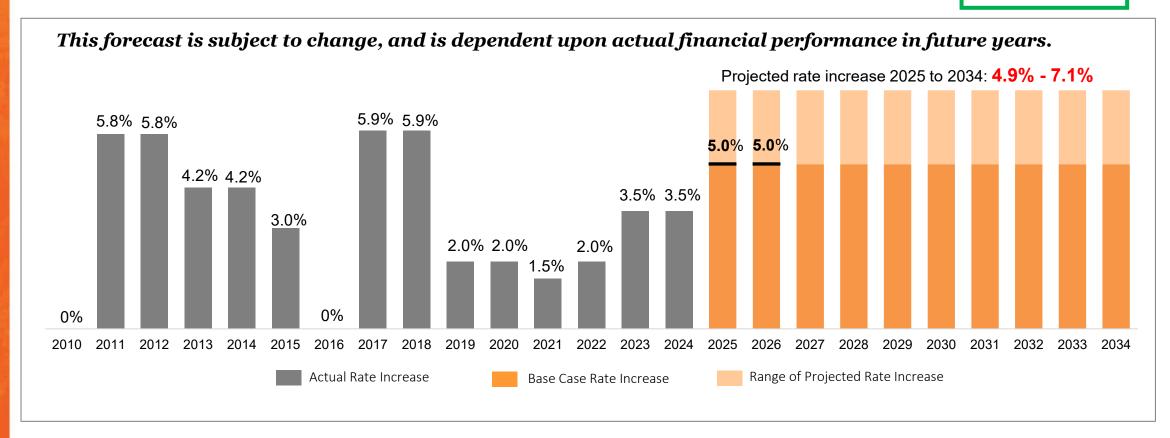
- Adverse water in 2025 and 2026
- Critical water in 2025 and 2026
- Wholesale price collapse
- Loss of large load in 2025
- Recession in 2025 through 2026
- Lower retail rate increases in 2025 and 2026

Standard Planning Scenarios

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Recommended: 5.0 Percent Annual Rate Increases in 2025 & 2026

Policy Decision



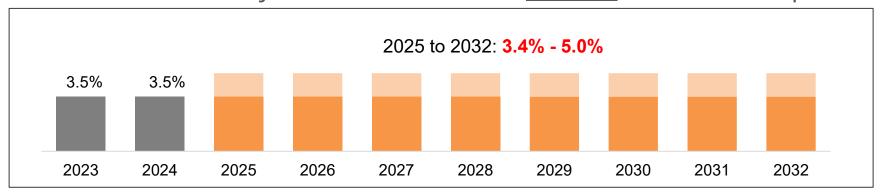
The **Electric Rate & Financial Policy** was modified in 2018 to explicitly support adequate and gradual rate increases.

Guiding Principles GP-3 on Rates, Outcome 3 states "Planned gradual and consistent utility rate changes that are stable and predictable over the long term and mitigate sudden or large changes within customer classes."

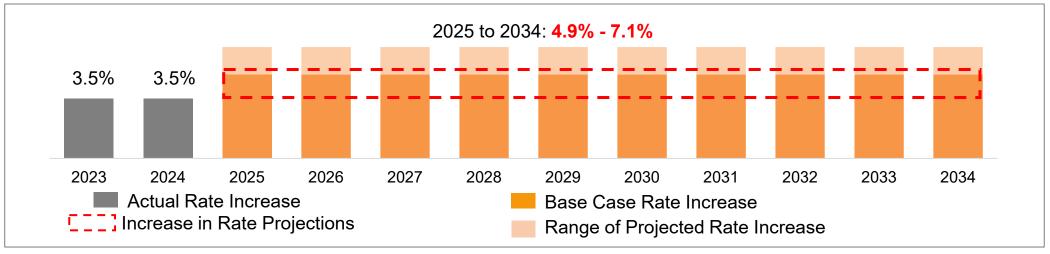
Future Expenses Impacting Liquidity and Short-term Rates

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2022 Projected rate increases without new future expenses



2024 Projected rate increases with new future expense increases



This forecast is subject to change, and is dependent upon actual financial performance in future years.



Assumptions Impacting the 2025 / 2026 Average Rate Forecast

Updated assumptions compared to last biennium

Revenue Assumptions

- 2024 Load Forecast with electrification assumptions
- Higher wholesale prices assumed 2025-2026

Expense Assumptions

- 7% annual increase in shared services costs (based on historic average)
- Additional personnel costs related to market wage increases
- Higher capital costs in 2025/2026 due to continuing projects and higher material and labor costs
- > \$300 million in new expenses assumed for:
 - Relicensing of three hydro dams
 - SAP Now!
 - Dam seismic mitigation and safety upgrades
 - Grid modernization

Adverse Water: Annual 5.0 percent Rate Increases



Scenario	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034
Base Case: Average Water Conditions	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%
Budget: Adverse Water in 2025 & 2026	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Critical Water in 2025 & 2026*	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%	5.8%
Loss of Large Customer in 2025	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%
Lower Wholesale Prices 2025-2034	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Economic Downturn in 2025 & 2026	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%
Lower average rate increases in 2025 & 2026 **	2.0%	2.0%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%

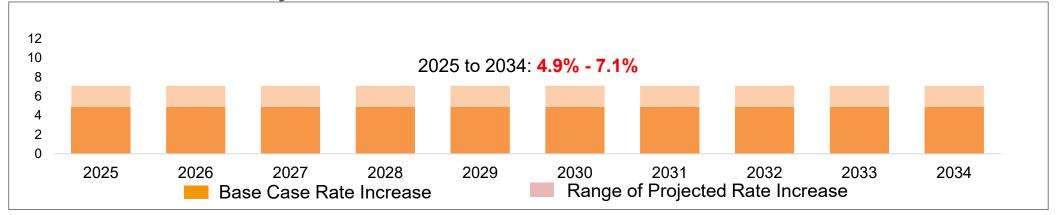
^{*} Rate Stabilization Fund use of \$31 million in 2025 and \$29 million in 2026.

^{**} Rate Stabilization Fund use of \$12 million in 2025 and \$25 million in 2026.

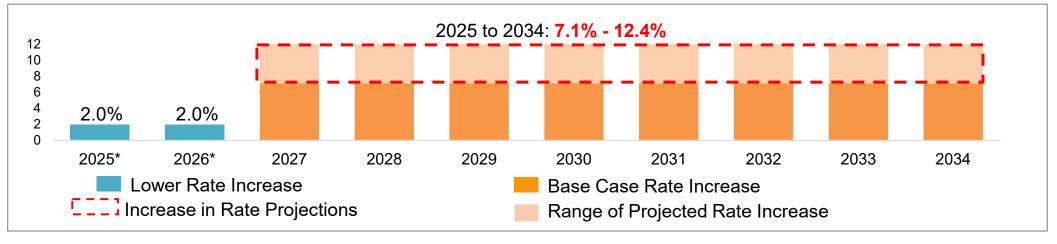
TACOMA BURILG HALLES

Lower (2%) Rate Increases in 2025 & 2026 Effect on Rate Trajectory

2024 Projected Base Case rate increases - recommended



2024 Projected rate increases with lower short-term rates

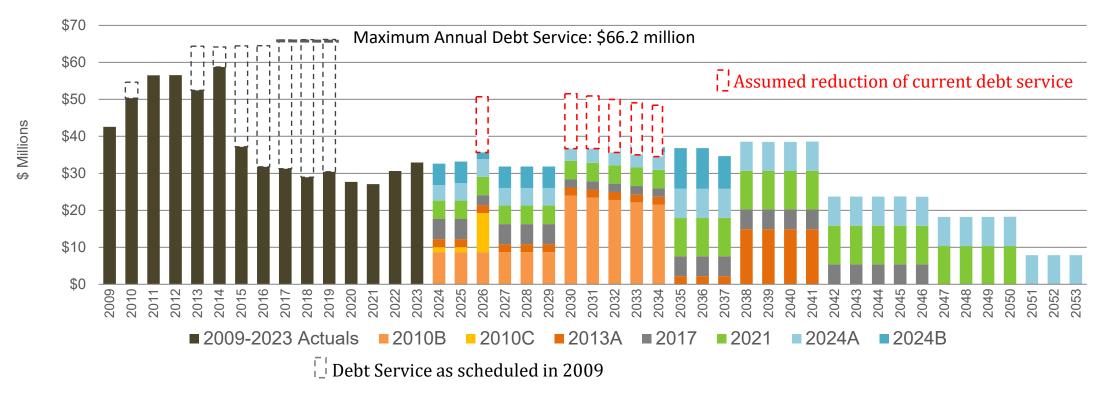


^{*} Critical Water scenario in 2025 and 2026 required the use of \$92 million of the Rate Stabilization Fund.



Manage Debt Profile to Minimize Long-Term Rates

Historical and Current Debt Service



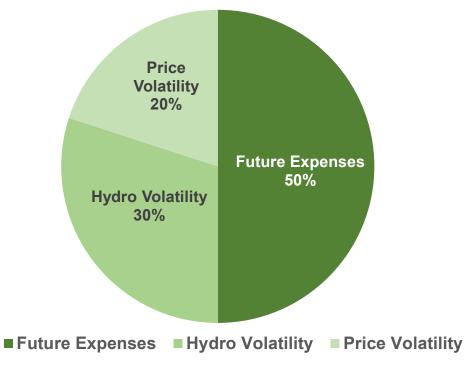
The Long View:

Managing debt service has produced significant savings to date.

Bond defeasances in 2026 and 2030-2034 are assumed to manage debt service and stabilize rates.

TACOMA PUBLIC UTILITIES

Using the Rate Stabilization Fund to Mitigate Future Financial Risks



RATE STABILIZATION FUND BALANCES (YEAR-END)										
\$ IN MILLIONS	2010	2011	2012	2013 - 2018	2019	2021	2022	2023		
+ADDITION / - WITHDRAWAL	+\$10 M	+\$26 M	+\$12 M	\$0	-\$10 M	+\$25 M	+\$95 M	\$0		
BALANCE	\$10 M	\$36 M	\$48 M	\$48 M	\$38 M	\$63 M	\$158 M	\$158 M		



Questions?

Regional Emerging Trends Overview



Climate Change Trifecta

- Utility Sector Energy Transition to non-carbon fuel sources
 - Solar Exceeds Load in Certain Hours
 - Wind & Solar Potential is located far from PNW Load Centers
- Electrification
 - NW Region Electric Demand is increasing but Generating capacity is decreasing
- Extreme Weather Events
 - The 2024 MLK Cold Weather Event
- Wildfire Risks
 - \$26 billion proposed in California and \$185 million proposed in Oregon for mitigation

Challenging Cost Dynamics

 Current power supply cost inflation very high but much less expensive than new power supply option

Peer Utility Rate Increases



	RATE INCREASE %			
UTILITY	2024	2025*		
Pacific Gas & Electric (PG&E)	18.5%	TBD		
Portland General Electric	17.0%	7.4%		
Clark PUD	14.0%	TBD		
Pacific Power	12.9%	16.9%		
Avista	12.6%	7.8%		
Seattle City Light	9.5%	5.0%		
Snohomish PUD	5.8%	TBD		
Tacoma Power	3.5%	TBD		
Grant PUD	3.5%	TBD		
Chelan PUD	3.0%	TBD		
Puget Sound Energy	1.7%**	17.0%		

CPUC unanimously approves new PG&E rate hike to cover wildfire mitigation projects

After raising rates by 17% in 2024, PGE requests further hikes for 2025

Clark Public Utilities rates will jump 14.5 percent as of March 1

Pacific Power Increases Rates, Citing Rising Costs And Wildfire Mitigation

Avista Utilities set to raise Washington electricity rates

Weather challenges, demand increases, and rising costs result in changes to customer electricity

rates

by Seattle City Light on October 12, 2023

June 30, 2023 | Updated Fri., June 30, 2023 at 7:18 p.m.

City Light rates in Seattle to increase by nearly 10% next year

Chelan PUD customers face five years of 3% rate increases

Puget Sound Energy proposes hefty rate hikes to pay for hydro and wind power

Feb. 28, 2024 at 6:00 am | Updated Feb. 28, 2024 at 6:18 am

Tacoma Power Challenges



Future expenses identified

- Debt Service spikes
- Hydro relicensing of 3 dams
- Dam Safety Program
- Grid modernization projects
- SAP Now!

The totality of these expenses expected to be > \$300 million over the next ten years

Future risks & emerging issues

Post 2028 BPA Contract

likely not as effective in meeting resource needs so we will need to procure more power supply

Wildfire liability risk

2 largest Oregon utilities requesting \$185 million investments in wildfire projects

Increasing market volatility

- Seattle City Light raises rates after it burns through cash reserves
- Clark PUD uses RSF to address \$17.7M shortfall

Potential Solutions & Strategies



Overall Industry

- Retain current federal hydro production assets
- Develop additional generating capacity
- Transmission siting and permitting reforms
- Further development of organized markets (and maybe an RTO).
- Generating technology advancement
- Demand side management

Tacoma Power

- Maintain adequate financial reserves (add to our rate stabilization fund when possible)
- Maintain AA ratings
- Steady retail rate increases
- Infrastructure modernization investments (prepare for the future)
- Obtain the best BPA contract terms possible
- Influence policy to benefit our customers
- Support development of organized markets
- Mitigate rate increases for incomeconstrained customers

Maintaining AA credit rating to Minimize Financing Costs



Rating agencies are interested in different things

Moody's* S&P Fitch Investment Aaa AAA AAA Grade Aa1 AA+ AA+ Aa2 AA AΑ Aa3 AA-AA-A+ A1 A+ A3 Baa1 BBB+ BBB+ BBB Baa2 BBB BBB-Baa3 BBB-Non-Investment Ba1 BB+ BB+ Grade Speculative Ba2 BB BB Ba3 BB-BB-B+ B1 B+ В2 В3 Caa1 CCC+ Caa2 CCC Caa3 CCC-CCC Ca CCC DDD D DD

This table compares the different rating scales for the three credit rating agencies, with Tacoma Power's current rating highlighted.

- High ratings enable:
 - Access to financing (e.g. Keybank agreement)
 - Lower interest rate on bonds
- Electric Rate & Financial Policy:
 - Requires debt-service coverage ratios and days cash on hand consistent with current rating
 - Mandates reasonable and consistent rate increases to minimize customer impact
 - Approved by TPU Board and City Council
- Guiding Principle GP-2 on Financial Sustainability:
 - Outcome 4: "Maintain financial metrics that support bond ratings AA or better which facilitate access to the lowest-cost financing and produce sustainable debt service expenses with adequate and relevant reserve level."
 - Outcome 6: "Financial management of debt including loans, revenue bonds, and grants over the long term to maintain reasonable debt-service requirements and meet debt service coverage ratios."

Current Tacoma Power Rating

^{*} Moody's current rating for Tacoma Power only applies to Bonds issued before 2017.